received by the Corporation pursuant to paragraphs (b) of this section.

- (3) A requester who seeks expedited processing must submit a statement demonstrating a compelling need that is certified by the requester to be true and correct to the best of that person's knowledge and belief, explaining in detail the basis for requesting expedited processing.
- (4) Within ten calendar days of its receipt of a request for expedited processing, the General Counsel or designee or the Inspector General or designee shall decide whether to grant the request and shall notify the requester of the decision. If a request for expedited treatment is granted, the request shall be given priority and shall be processed as soon as practicable. If a request for expedited processing is denied, any appeal of that decision shall be acted on expeditiously by the Corporation.

 $[63\ \mathrm{FR}\ 41196,\ \mathrm{Aug.}\ 3,\ 1998,\ \mathrm{as}\ \mathrm{amended}\ \mathrm{by}\ 68\ \mathrm{FR}\ 7437,\ \mathrm{Feb.}\ 14,\ 2003;\ 73\ \mathrm{FR}\ 67793,\ \mathrm{Nov.}\ 17,\ 2008]$

§ 1602.9 Exemptions for withholding records.

- (a) A requested record of the Corporation may be withheld from public disclosure only if one or more of the following categories exempted by the FOIA apply:
- (1) Matter which is related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of the Corporation;
- (2) Matter which is specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than the exemptions under FOIA at 5 U.S.C. 552(b)), provided that such statute requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on the issues, or establishes particular criteria for withholding, or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (3) Trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (4) Inter-agency or intra-agency memoranda or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the Corporation;
- (5) Personnel and medical files and similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

- (6) Records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes including enforcing the Legal Services Corporation Act or any other law, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information:
- (i) Could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings:
- (ii) Would deprive a person or a recipient of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication;
- (iii) Could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (iv) Could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of a confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and in the case of a record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, information furnished by a confidential source;
- (v) Would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law: or
- (vi) Could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual:
- (b) In the event that one or more of the exemptions in paragraph (a) of this section apply, any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be provided to the requester after deletion of the portions that are exempt. The amount of information deleted and the exemption under which the deletion is being made shall be indicated on the released portion of the record, unless doing so would harm the interest protected by the exemption under which the deletion is made. If technically feasible, the amount of information deleted and the exemption under which the deletion is being made shall be indicated at the place in the record where the deletion occurs.
- (1) A summary of information in the exempt portion of a record; or

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- (2) An oral description of the exempt portion of a record.
- (c) No requester shall have a right to insist that any or all of the techniques in paragraph (b) of this section should be employed in order to satisfy a request.
- (d) Records that may be exempt from disclosure pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section may be made available at the discretion of the Corporation official authorized to grant or deny the request for records, after appropriate consultation as provided in §1602.10. Records may be made available pursuant to this paragraph when disclosure is not prohibited by law, and it does not appear adverse to legitimate interests of the Corporation, the public, a recipient, or any person.

 $[63\ FR\ 41196,\ Aug.\ 3,\ 1998,\ as\ amended\ at\ 73\ FR\ 67794,\ Nov.\ 17,\ 2008]$

$\$\,1602.10$ Officials authorized to grant or deny requests for records.

- (a) The General Counsel shall furnish necessary advice to Corporation officials and staff as to their obligations under this part and shall take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to assure a consistent and equitable application of the provisions of this part by and within the Corporation.
- (b) The General Counsel or designee and the Counsel to the Inspector General or designee are authorized to grant or deny requests under this part. In the absence of a Counsel to the Inspector General, the Inspector General shall name a designee who will be authorized to grant or deny requests under this part and who will perform all other functions of the Counsel to the Inspector General under this part. The General Counsel or designee shall consult with the Office of the Counsel to the Inspector General or designee prior to granting or denying any request for records or portions of records which originated with the Office of Inspector General, or which contain information which originated with the Office of Inspector General, but which are maintained by other components of the Corporation. The Counsel to the Inspector General or designee shall consult with the Office of the General Counsel prior to granting or denying any request for

records or portions of records which originated with any component of the Corporation other than the Office of Inspector General, or which contain information which originated with a component of the Corporation other than the Office of Inspector General, but which are maintained by the Office of Inspector General.

[63 FR 41196, Aug. 3, 1998, as amended at 73 FR 67794, Nov. 17, 2008]

§ 1602.11 Denials.

- (a) A denial of a written request for a record that complies with the requirements of §1602.8 shall be in writing and shall include the following:
- (1) A reference to the applicable exemption or exemptions in §1602.9 (a) upon which the denial is based;
- (2) An explanation of how the exemption applies to the requested records;
- (3) A statement explaining why it is deemed unreasonable to provide segregable portions of the record after deleting the exempt portions;
- (4) An estimate of the volume of requested matter denied unless providing such estimate would harm the interest protected by the exemption under which the denial is made;
- (5) The name and title of the person or persons responsible for denying the request; and
- (6) An explanation of the right to appeal the denial and of the procedures for submitting an appeal, including the address of the official to whom appeals should be submitted.
- (b) Whenever the Corporation makes a record available subject to the deletion of a portion of the record, such action shall be deemed a denial of a record for purposes of paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) All denials shall be treated as final opinions under §1602.5(b).

§ 1602.12 Appeals of denials.

(a) Any person whose written request has been denied is entitled to appeal the denial within 90 days by writing to the President of the Corporation or, in the case of a denial of a request for Office of Inspector General records, the Inspector General, at the addresses given in §1602.5(a) and §1602.8(b). The envelope and letter or e-mail appeal should be clearly marked: "Freedom of